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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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Applicant's or agent's file reference	FOR FURTHER AC	TION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416			
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)			
PCT/EP2004/002191	04.03.2004		21.03.2003			
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC						
G01N33/82, G01N33/52						
·						
Applicant						
UNILEVER PLC et al.						
This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.						
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	of 5 sheets, including th	is cover sheet.				
3. This report is also accompanied b	y ANNEXES, comprisin	g:				
a. \square sent to the applicant and to	o the International Burea	uu) a total of sheets, a	s follows:			
sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).						
☐ sheets which supersed beyond the disclosure Supplemental Box.	sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the					
1	··					
sequence listing and/or tak Box Relating to Sequence	oles related thereto, in co	omputer readable form	only, as indicated in the Supplemental			
Box Relating to Sequence	Listing (see Section 60)	2 of the Administrative	msuucuons).			
4. This report contains indications re	elating to the following ite	ems:				
☐ Box No. I Basis of the opi	nion					
☐ Box No. II Priority						
☐ Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability						
☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of	invention					
	☑ Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement					
☐ Box No. VI Certain docume	ents cited					
☑ Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application						
☐ Box No. VIII Certain observa	ations on the internation	al application				
Date of submission of the demand		Date of completion of th	is report			
16.08.2004		11.02.2005				
Name and mailing address of the internation	nal	Authorized Officer				
preliminary examining authority: ———— European Patent Office						
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/EP2004/002191

_	Box	No. I Basis of the report		
1.	n regard to the language , this report is based on the international application in the language in which it was I, unless otherwise indicated under this item.			
		This report is based on translations from the original language into the following language, which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:		
		 ☐ international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)) ☐ publication of the international application (under Rule 12.4) ☐ international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3) 		
2.	With regard to the elements* of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets who have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report):			
	Des	cription, Pages		
	1-6	as originally filed		
	Cla	ims, Numbers		
	1-14	as originally filed		
	Dra	wings, Sheets		
	1/1	as originally filed		
		a sequence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing		
3.		The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of: ☐ the description, pages ☐ the claims, Nos. ☐ the drawings, sheets/figs ☐ the sequence listing (specify): ☐ any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):		
4.	had Su	This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below d not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the pplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)). the description, pages the claims, Nos. the drawings, sheets/figs the sequence listing (specify): any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):		
	*	of item 4 applies, some or all of these sheets may be marked "superseded."		

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/EP2004/002191

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

No:

1-14

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

Claims

No: Claims

1-14

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-14

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted:

see separate sheet

Section V:

Reference is made to the following documents:

D1 = US-A-4303409

D2 = US-A-3 771 964

D3 = US-A-4303408

N: Document D1 represents the nearest available prior art and reveals a sensor for ascorbic acid comprising sensor means for detecting ascorbic acid and buffer means of pH 3 to 6.5 for buffering the sample and for avoiding interference from uric acid (see column 3, lines 4-31). It should be mentioned here that at acidic pH uric acid is present in its acid form.

The sensor of claim 1 differs from that of D1 in that the buffer means comprise two zones, a first zone which contacts the sample first and comprises filter means and buffering means to a pH of from 5.5 to 8 and a second zone for receiving the sample which has passed through the first zone and for buffering it to a pH from 1 to 5 (Article 33(2) PCT).

The same distinguishing feature is also present in claims 2-13 and independent method claim 14 using the sensors of claims 1-13.

IA: The technical effect of the above distinguishing feature is to avoid interference from uric acid. Note that D1 already reveals a solution for avoiding interference from uric acid.

The technical problem to be solved is thus to provide another, alternative sensor for ascorbic acid which does not suffer from uric acid interference.

At the indicated pH range of the first buffer zone of the claimed sensor, uric acid is present in its salt i.e. urate form, which is only fairly soluble in aqueous solution and which can thus be separated from the sample by filtration. The fact that uric acid changes into its urate form at a particular pH belongs to the textbook knowledge of the chemically skilled person and is also confirmed in D2 where it is recommended that in order to avoid interference from urate when determining ascorbic acid in urine, the pH of the test specimen should be lowered (column 2, lines 1-45).

Document D3 describes a multizone element, at least one zone being an interferent removal zone and another being an indicator zone (see column 3, lines

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10-22). The functioning principle of the interferent removing zone is to extract from the sample the interferents to the respective assay (claim 1, example 10). Moreover, the interferent removal zone may contain a buffer (claim 9). Uric acid is also mentioned as interferent (column 4, lines 29-32).

Presented with the above problem of finding another solution for avoiding uric acid interference and knowing from conventional text books about the urate/uric acid equilibrium the skilled person would be able to apply the teaching of D3 to a sensor as disclosed in D1 by providing an additional interferent removal zone comprising a filter and a buffer in the urate pH range to the test strip and in doing so he would arrive at the subject-matter of claim 1 without any need to perform an inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT).

The use of an obvious sensor in a method of detecting ascorbic acid as presently defined in claim 14 is also considered obvious for the skilled man.

The features of the dependent claims do not appear to add anything inventive to the claims to which said dependent claims refer, since they appear to relate to conventional measures which are also known from either D1 or D3 (see e.g. the vertical arrangement of the zones, D3 column 3, lines 60-64).

IA: Industrial applicability is acknowledged (Article 33(4) PCT).

Section VII:

1. The features of the claims are not provided with reference signs placed in parentheses (Rule 6.2(b) PCT).